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OMB Number: 3235-0123 Expires: October 31, 2001 Estimated average burden

hours per response..... 12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER

8-51811

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exhange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING AND ENDING A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION Opt Securities, L NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: OFFICIAL USE ONLY ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.R. Box No.) 4 2002 FIRM I.D. NO. 831 E. Morehead (No. and Street) Charlotte NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT (Area Code - Telephone Number) **B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION** INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report* adrer: Pullen LL (Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name) 28211 (Zip Code) CHECK ONE: ☑ Certified Public Accountant ☐ Public Accountant Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions. FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

d s

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	JEFFREY L. BARNETI	•	, swear (or affirm) the	at, to the best	of my kno	wledge and
bel	ief the accompanying financial s	tatement and			pertaining	•	_
	December 31	, 20 0 1	, are true an	nd correct. I f	urther swear (or affirm)	
the	company nor any partner, proprietor, princi	pal officer or dire	ector has any p	roprietary into	erest in any ac	count class	ified solely
	that of a customer, except as follows:		, .		·		·
			16	, 0			
			4	L. Signati	are		
			Financial	! Dans	is Plinif	1	
	Notary Publice exp. 10/15/06			Title	•		
Thi	is report ** contains (check all applicable to (a) Facing Page. (b) Statement of Financial Condition.	ooxes):					
	(c) Statement of Financial Condition.						
	(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Co	ondition.					
	(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders				apital.		
	(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities S(g) Computation of Net Capital.	ubordinated to C	Claims of Credi	itors.			
	(h) Computation for Determination of Re	serve Requirem	ents Pursuant t	o Rule 15c3-	3		
	(i) Information Relating to the Possessio						
	(j) A Reconciliation, including appropria						3 and the
	Computation for Determination of the						
	(k) A Reconciliation between the audited consolidation.	and unaudited S	statements of F	inancial Con	dition with re	spect to me	ethods of
X	·						
	(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Re	port.					
	(n) A report describing any material inade		exist or found t	o have existed	d since the date	e of the pre	vious audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

FINANCIAL REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2001

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MCGLADREY&PULLEN, LLP Certified Public Accountants



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members
OPT Securities, LLC
Charlotte, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of OPT Securities, LLC, as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the related statements of operations, members' equity and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2001 and fourteen month period from November 1, 1999 to December 31, 2000 that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of OPT Securities, LLC as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2001 and fourteen month period from November 1, 1999 to December 31, 2000, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Charlotte, North Carolina
February 8, 2002

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION December 31, 2001 and 2000

ASSETS	2001			2000	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,378	\$	10,006	
Commissions receivable		5,758		, -	
Other receivables		10,376		-	
Nonmarketable securities		20,115		20,115	
Office furniture and equipment, net of accumulated		,		•	
depreciation of \$23,330 in 2001, and \$15,371 in 2000		16,464		24,423	
Prepaid expenses		1,200		5,000	
	\$	56,291	\$	59,544	
MEMBERS' EQUITY					
Fixed investment accounts	\$	10.000	\$	10,000	
	3	10,000	Þ	•	
Undistributed earnings		46,291	<u> </u>	49,544	
	_\$	56,291	\$	59,544	

See Notes to Financial Statements.

STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001 and Fourteen Month Period from November 1, 1999 to December 31, 2000

		2000	
Revenue:		-	
Commissions	\$	9,075	\$ -
Consulting fees		3,950	548,000
Other		255.	6,404
		13,280	554,404
Expenses:			
Brokerage expense		1,116	27,567
Employee compensation and benefits		-	457,921
Occupancy and equipment		7,959	22,473
Rent		-	26,223
Other general and administrative		7,458	68,382
•		16,533	602,566
Net loss	\$	(3,253)	\$ (48,162)

See Notes to Financial Statements.

STATEMENTS OF MEMBERS' EQUITY

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001 and Fourteen Month Period from November 1, 1999 to December 31, 2000

	Fixed vestment accounts	Undistributed Earnings	
Balance, October 31, 1999 Members' contribution Net loss	\$ 6,125 3,875	\$	97,706 - (48,162)
Balance, December 31, 2000 Net loss	 10,000 -		49,544 (3, 253)
Balance, December 31, 2001	\$ 10,000	\$	46,291

See Notes to Financial Statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2001 and Fourteen Month Period from November 1, 1999 to December 31, 2000

	2001		2	2000	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Net loss	\$	(3,253)	\$	(48,162)	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash					
used in operating activities:					
Depreciation		7,959		8,678	
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		3,800		(2,310)	
Increase in commissions receivable		(5,758)		<u>-</u>	
Increase in other receivables		(10,376)		-	
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses		-		(14,288)	
Net cash used in operating activities		(7,628)		(56,082)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Purchase of office furniture and equipment		-		(2,522)	
Proceeds from refund on office furniture and equipment		-		2,882	
Purchase of nonmarketable securities		-		(20,115)	
Net cash used in investing activities		-		(19,755)	
Cash Flows from Financing Activities,					
members' contribution				3,875	
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	-	(7,628)		(71,962)	
Cash and cash equivalents:					
Beginning		10,006		81,968	
Ending	\$	2,378	\$	10,006	

See Notes to Financial Statements

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of business: OPT Securities, LLC (the "Company") is a registered broker/dealer and has been a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. ("NASD") since November 1999. The Company specializes in selling mutual fund shares or variable insurance to customers for which the issuer or distributing broker/dealer pays the Company a commission. The Company's affiliate, OPT Capital, LLC, designs, implements and administers nonqualified deferred compensation ("NQDC") plans, which are funded with mutual funds or variable insurance products sold by the Company.

Prior to November 1, 2001, both the Company and OPT Capital had identical owners and ownership structure. On November 1, 2001, the members of the Company assigned all rights and interests in the Company to OPT Capital, making OPT Capital the sole member of the Company.

The Company is a broker/dealer that does not receive, directly or indirectly, or hold customer funds or customer securities, does not carry customer accounts, and does not engage in any of the activities described in paragraphs (a)(2)(i) through (v) of SEC Rule 15c3-1(a). Since the Company's business is limited to the selling of mutual fund shares and variable insurance, the Company is exempt from the reserve provisions of SEC Rule 15c3-3, based on paragraph k(1) of that rule.

A summary of the Company's significant accounting policies follows:

<u>Cash equivalents</u>: For purposes of reporting cash flows, the Company has defined cash equivalents as short-term, highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less.

<u>Recognition of revenue</u>: Securities transactions and related commission revenue and expense will be recorded on the date the transaction is executed, otherwise referred to as the "trade date."

Office furniture and equipment: Office furniture and equipment are carried at cost. Depreciation is computed by the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of 5 years.

Accounting estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Income taxes:</u> The Company, with the consent of its stockholders, has elected to be taxed under sections of federal and income tax law, which provide that, in lieu of corporation income taxes, the stockholders separately account for their pro rata shares of the Company's items of income, deductions, losses and credits. As a result of this election, no income taxes have been recognized in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 2. Net Capital Requirements

As a registered broker/dealer, the Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission uniform net capital rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1.

At December 31, 2001, the Company had net capital of \$8,136 under Rule 15c3-1, which was \$3,136 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company's net capital ratio (aggregate indebtedness to net capital) was 0.

Note 3. Transactions with Affiliates

During 2001, the Company provided computer and other office equipment to OPT Capital for its use in day-to-day operations. OPT Capital provided employees to the Company to assist in its accounting and reporting requirements. The net payments made by OPT Capital to the Company in 2001 were \$3,950.

SCHEDULE I

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL AND AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-1 December 31, 2001

Total members' equity from the statement of financial condition		\$	56,291
Deductions:			
Prepaid expenses	\$ (1,200)		
Other receivables	(10,376)		
Nonmarketable securities	(20,115)		
Office furniture and equipment	 (16,464)	_	
			(48,155)
Net capital		\$	8,136
Aggregate indebtedness:			
Accrued expenses and other liabilities			
Computation of basic net capital requirement:			
Minimum net capital required			5,000
Excess net capital		_\$	3,136
Ratio, aggregate indebtedness to net capital			•

Note: The above computation does not differ from the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 as of December 31, 2001 as filed by the Registrant on Form X-17A-5. Accordingly, no reconciliation is deemed necessary.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

To the Members OPT Securities, LLC Charlotte, North Carolina

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of OPT Securities, LLC (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2001, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- (1) Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons;
- (2) Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13; and
- (3) Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

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Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate. Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted the following matter involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above. This condition was considered in determining the nature, timing and extent of the procedures to be performed in our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2001, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated February 8, 2002. Currently, the Chief Financial Officer has the ability to initiate wire transfers. This results in a lack of segregation of duties, as he also has access to the general ledger and performs the reconciliations of the bank accounts.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2001, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of the Members, management, the SEC and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

M'Gladrey E. Pullen, SSP

Charlotte, North Carolina

February 8, 2002